

Brief of grass sward yields in South Ostrobothnia and in Västerbotten and in sampling on pilot farms and in experiments

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Grasses hectare yield estimation is challenging

Swards area harvested from one to three times a season
(utilization of the area may change from silage to grazing)

Dry matter percentage of the harvest differ (hay, prewilted silage, fresh silage)

Grass yield statistics are based on the whole yield of the farm participating in the census

- * several field parcels in grass production on farm
- * the age of swards, seed mixture and management effects hectare yields.

In this project we took reference samples and did remote sensing estimation by drone and satellite



The provinces in Interreg Botnia Atlantica region:

In Sweden the areas in BA are:

Västerbottens län (Övre Norrland)

Västernorrlands län (Mellersta Norrland)

Gävleborgs län (Norra Mellansverige)

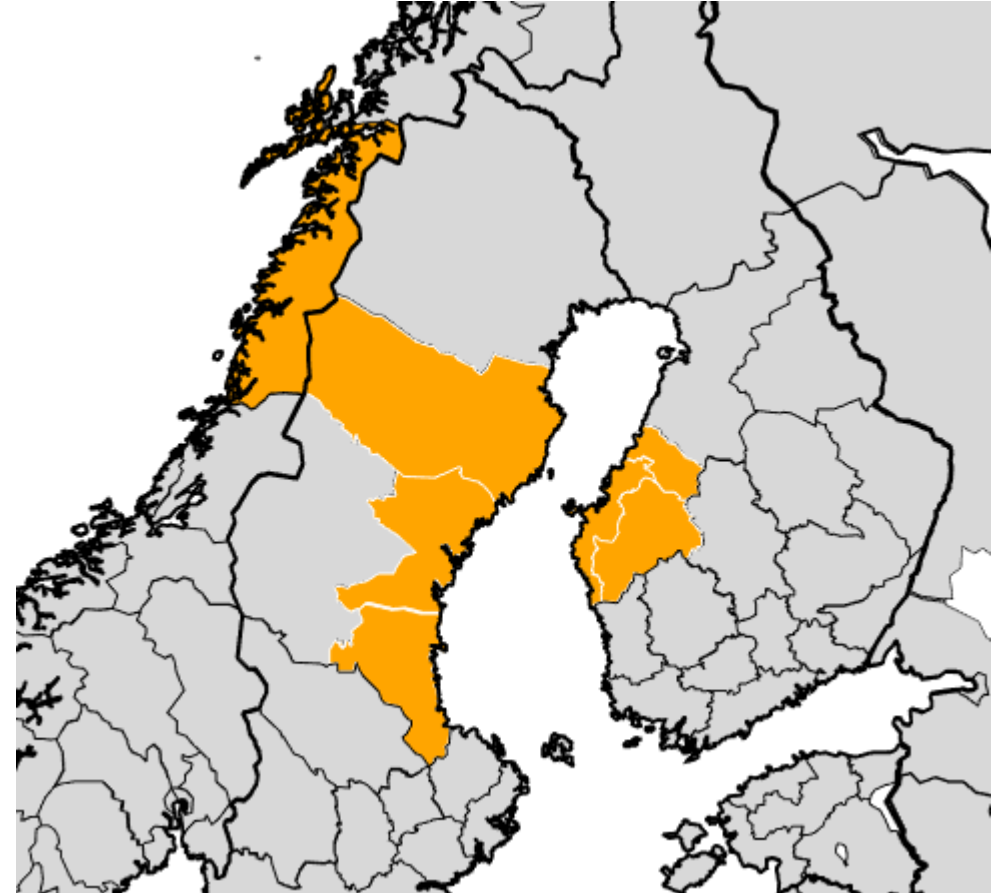
All areas are in NORRA SVERIGE.

In Finland:

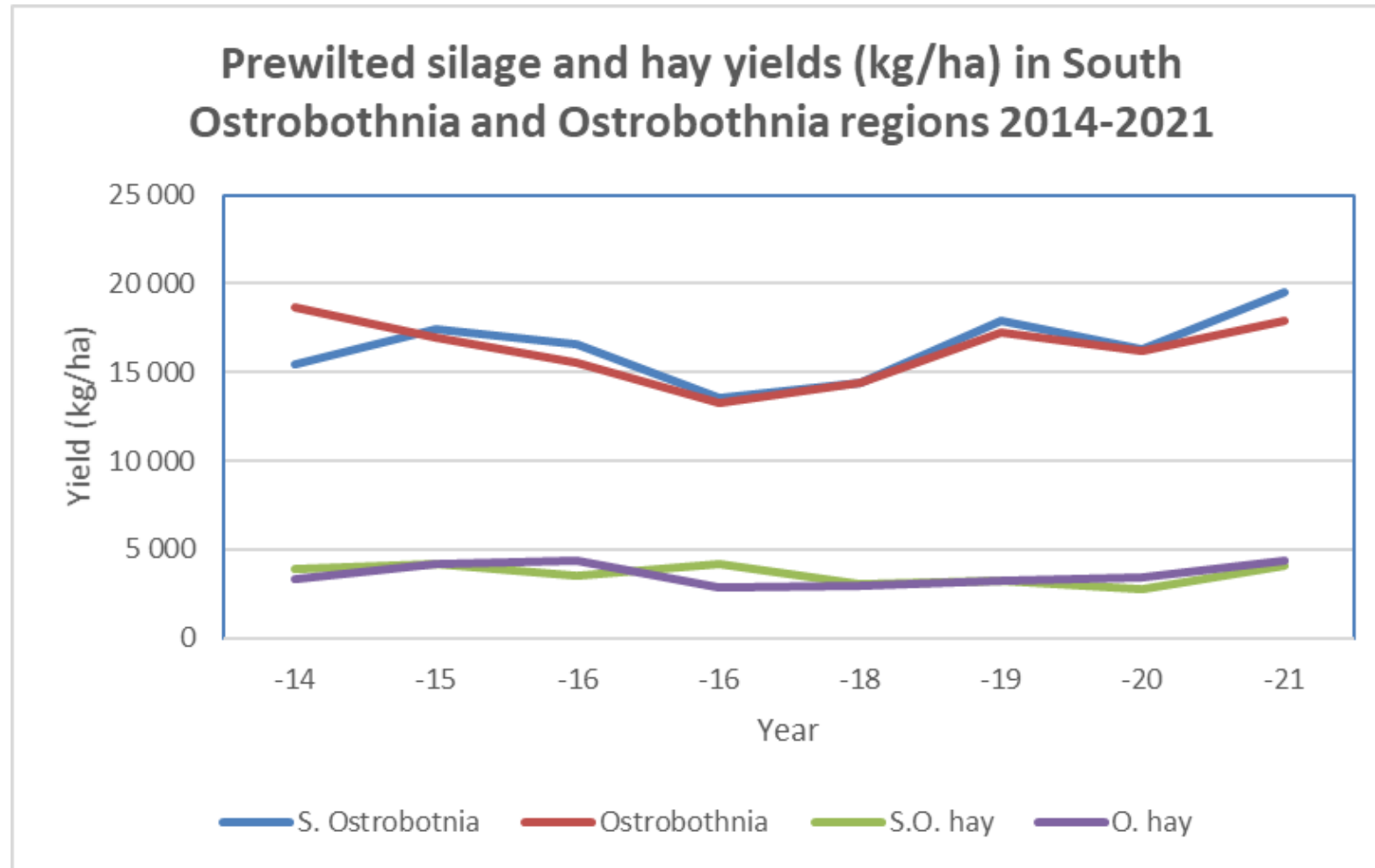
Pohjanmaa (Ostrobothnia)

Etelä-Pohjanmaa (South Ostrobothnia)

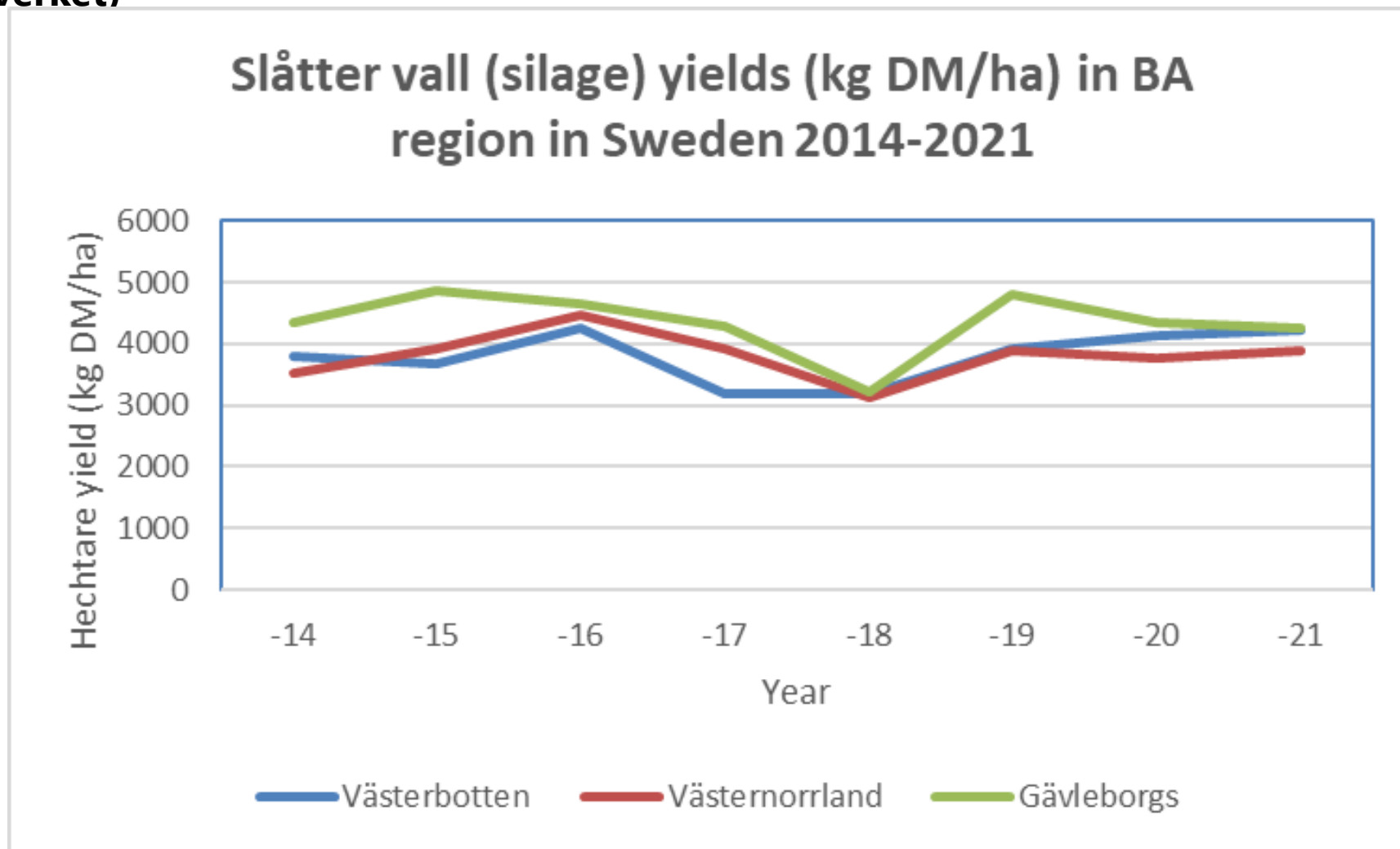
Keski-Pohjanmaa (Middle Ostrobothnia)



Despite the challenges Nordic agricultural statistics provide good estimates for grassland yields. Figure bases on <https://www.luke.fi/en/statistics> information. Note that dry matter content of prewilted silage is around 30-35 and that of hay around 85.



Slåtter vall (includes grass silages) dry matter yields in Sweden 2014-2021 in Interreg Botnia Atlantica region (Data for figure is from Jordbruksverket)



12k. Konventionell hektarskörd i kg/ha. Trimmat tioårsmedelvärde för län, produktionsområden och riket 2020, slåttervall totalt

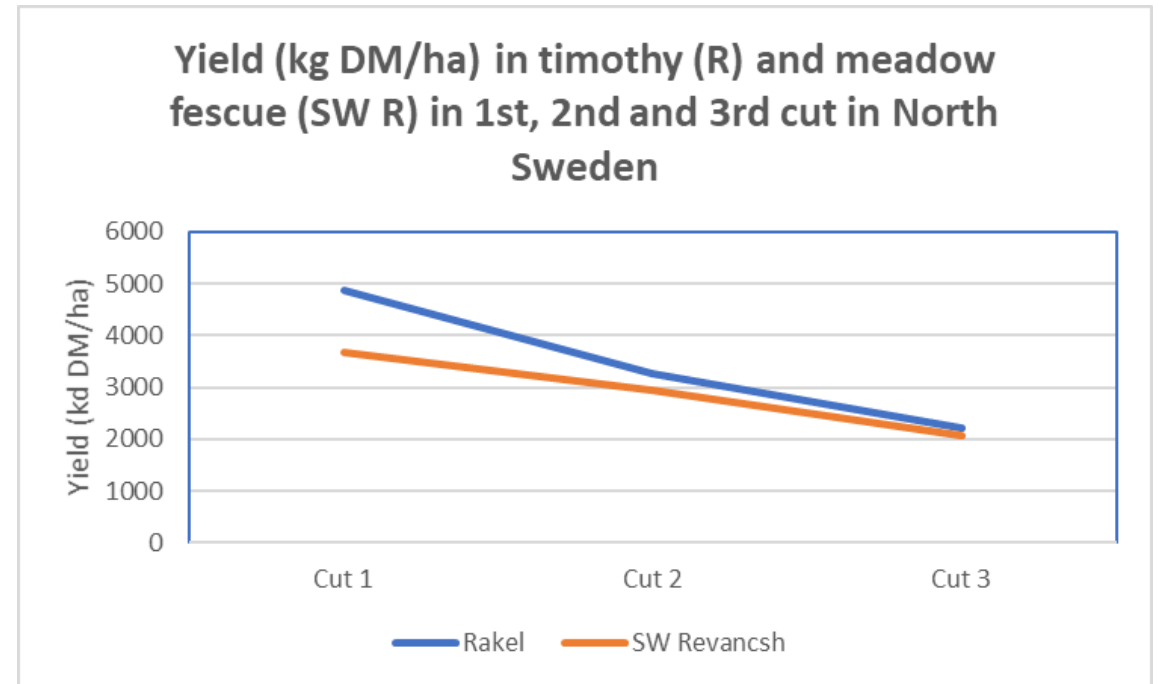
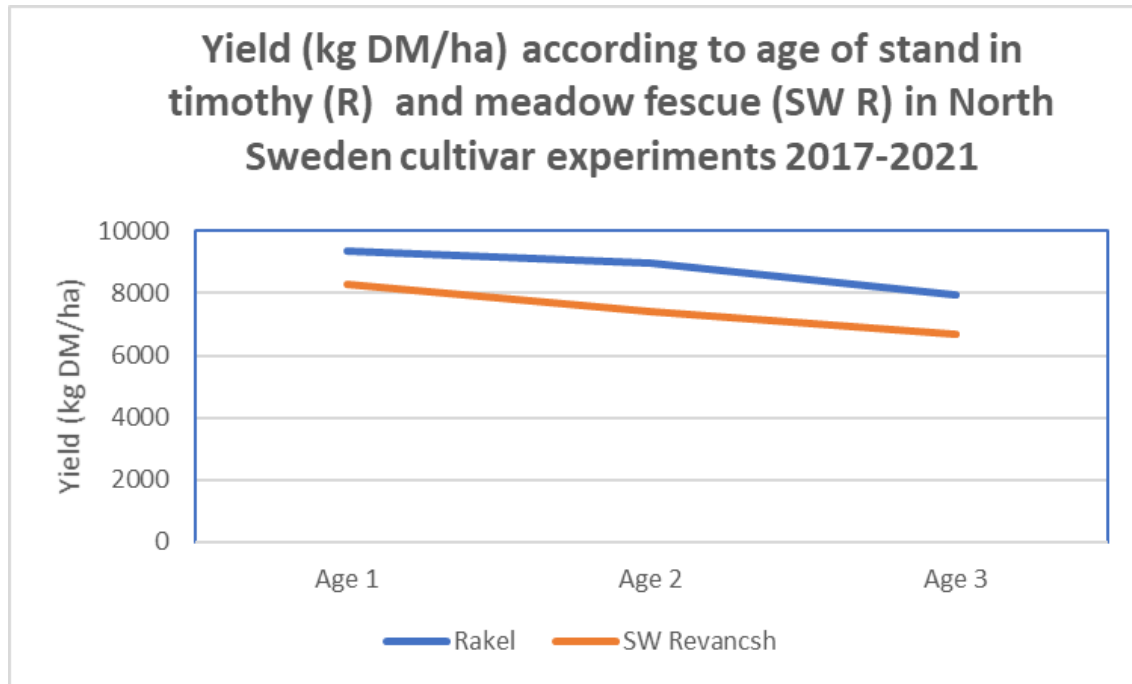
12k. Non-organic yield per hectare, kg/ha. Trimmed ten-year mean for counties, production areas and Sweden in 2020, temporary grasses total

Ten year average swards yields (kg DM/ha) in Sweden by provinces

Västerbottens 3572
Västernorrlands 3860
Gävleborgs 4128

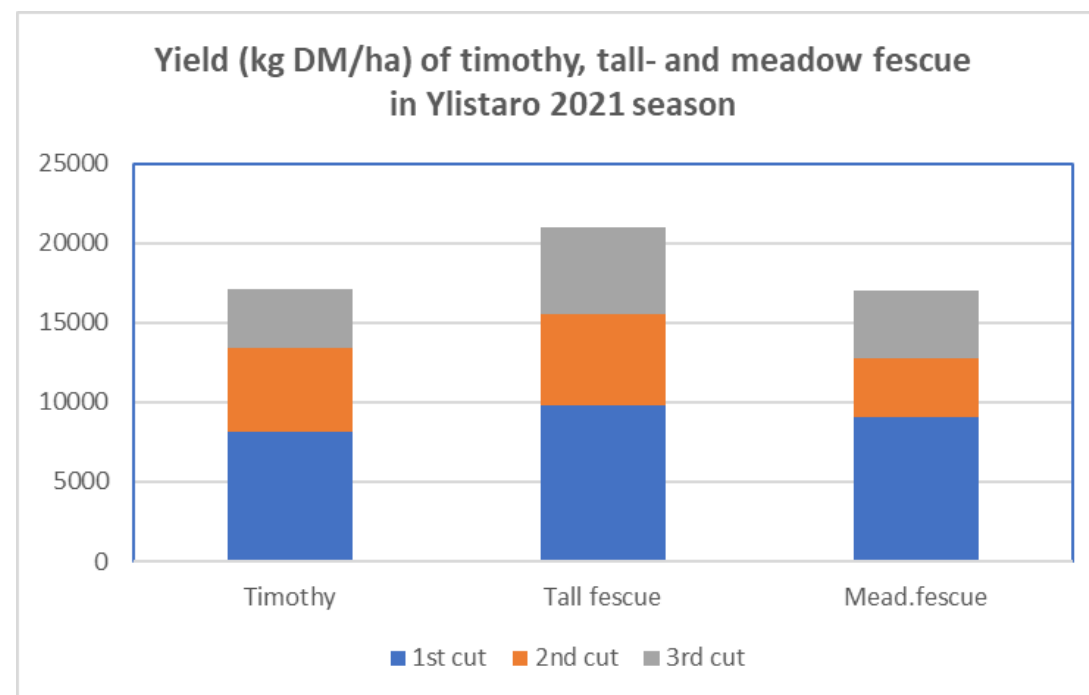
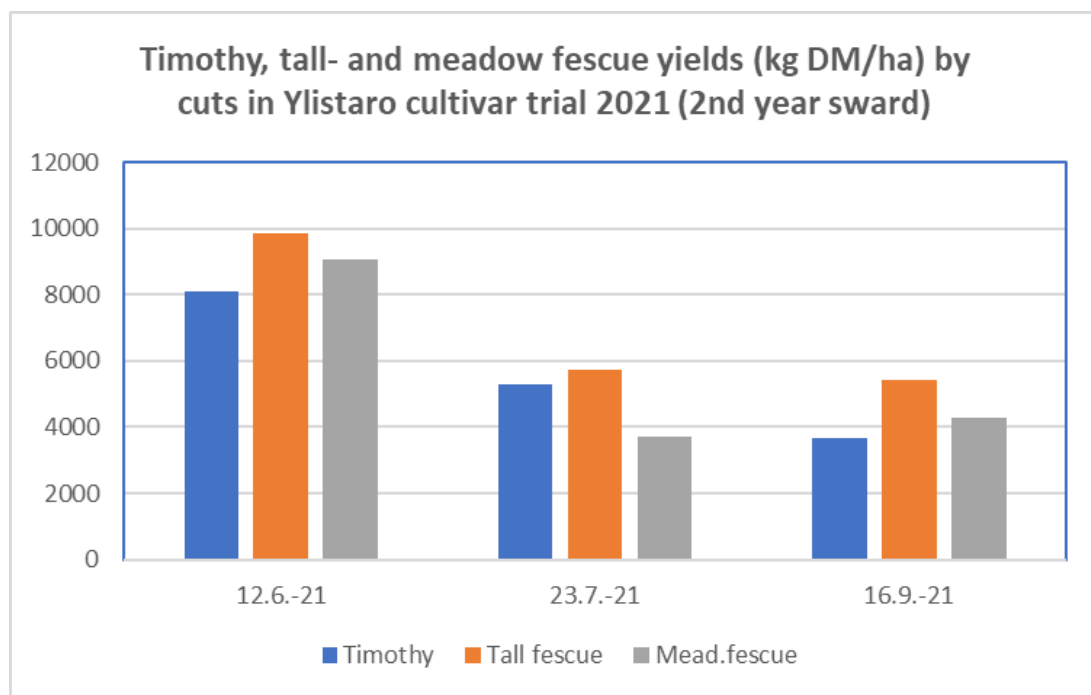
Område	Total slåttervall		
	Tioårsmedelvärde		Antal företag ²
	kg/ha	konv/ord ¹	
Län			
Stockholms	3 807	104	144
Uppsala	4 274	102	177
Södermanlands	4 235	99	163
Östergötlands	5 177	108	241
Jönköpings	4 824	102	250
Kronobergs	4 963	102	166
Kalmar	5 320	103	250
Gotlands	5 509	105	183
Blekinge	5 263	97	83
Skåne	5 734	103	491
Hallands	6 160	101	238
Västra Götalands	5 280	106	664
Värmlands	3 649	99	184
Örebro	..	..	..
Västmanlands	..	..	..
Dalarnas	4 159	98	144
Gävleborgs	4 128	101	142
Västernorrlands	3 860	103	155
Jämtlands	3 849	106	104
Västerbottens	3 572	102	260
Norrbottnens	3 676	100	122

Yields in cultivar trials are much higher than in yield statistics. However, in yield statistics yields are based on whole farm data and not on individual field parcels.



Data for figures from: Boel Sandström and Malin Barrlund. 2022. Sortprovning 2021 –vallgräs och vallbaljväxter. SLU. Institutionen för norrländsk jordbruksvetenskap. Nytt nr 1, 2022.

Dry matter yield (kg DM/ha) of standard cultivar of timothy, tall fescue and meadow fescue trial in Ylistaro in 2021.



In CyberGrass I we have done sampling and drone imaging and satellite follow up on pilot farms and through experiments in 2021 and in 2022. Collaboration with pilot farmers, Boreal Plant Breeding and ValioArtturi is highly appreciated by the project. In Sweden sampling was carried out by SLU and Norrland Västerbotten HHS



Sampling **prior to 1st cut (6-10.6.2022) in Finland. In total 11 fields. One field sampled twice.**

	Mean	Min	Max
Dry matter yield (kg DM/ha)	3176	1680	3945
Protein (g/kg DM)	193	130	223
D-value	741	722	758
Fresh Yield (kg/ha)	19140	9440	25200

**Four sub sample quadrats on each field each 0,5 m by 0,5 m. Area 0,25 m². Pooled sample 1 m².
On some fields big difference in sub sample yields observed.**

Sampling **prior** to 2nd harvest (18-19.7.2022) in Finland. 6 fields.

	Mean	Min	Max
Dry matter yield (kg DM/ha)	3843	2561	5443
Protein (g/kg DM)	178	123	207
D-value	695	641	731
Fresh Yield (kg/ha)	18170	10900	24520

Thank you!

*Collaborating farmers,
ValioArtturi and Boreal Plant
Breeding are warmly
acknowledged for fruitful
collaboration.*

*The project is funded by the
European regional development
fund with Region Västerbotten
and Pohjanmaan liitto*

